

Supplementary Material

Oligoyne-bridged boron subphthalocyanine dimers – synthesis and redox properties

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NMR Spectroscopy

Compound 3

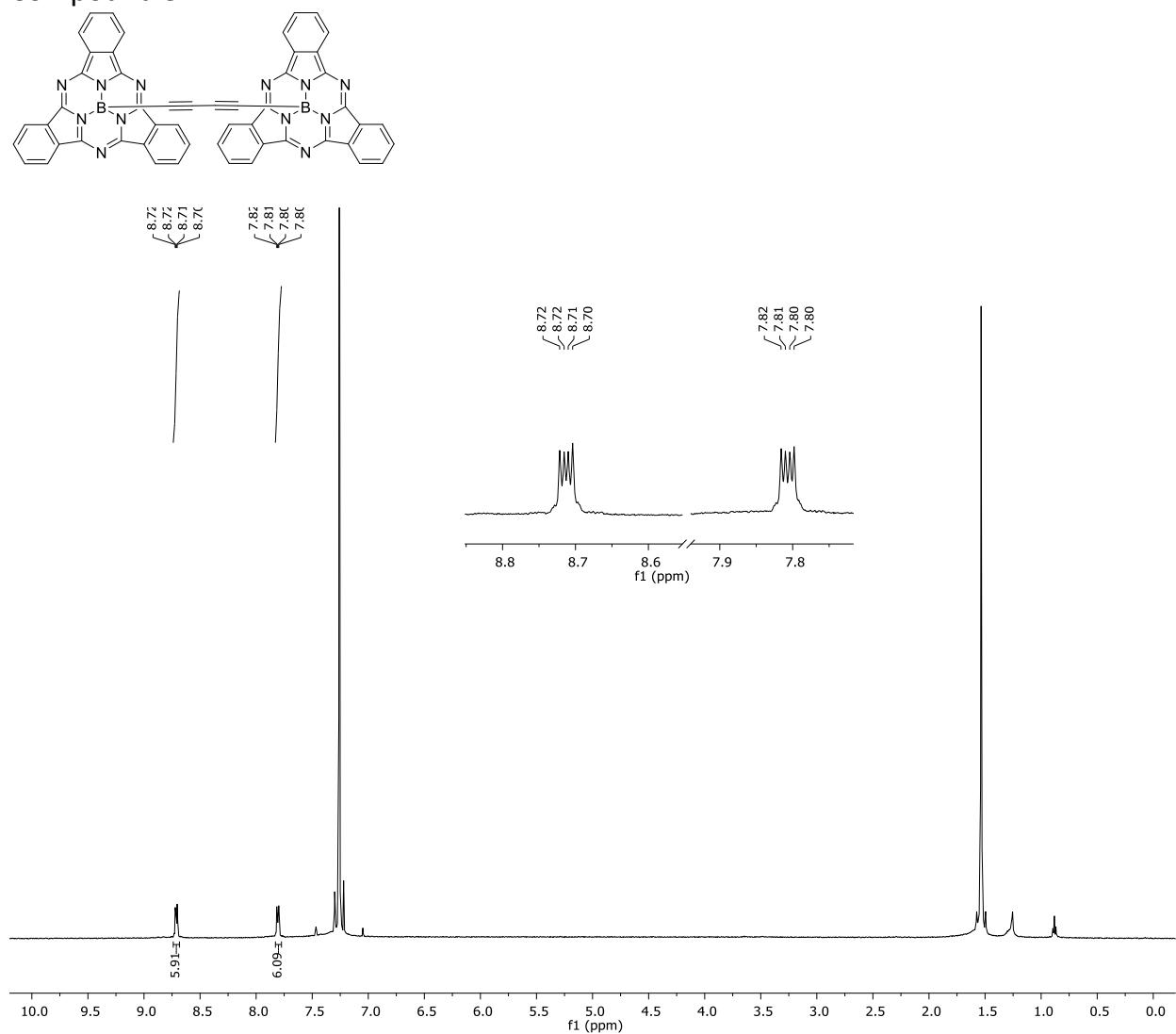


Figure S1. ^1H -NMR spectrum of compound 3 in CDCl_3 .

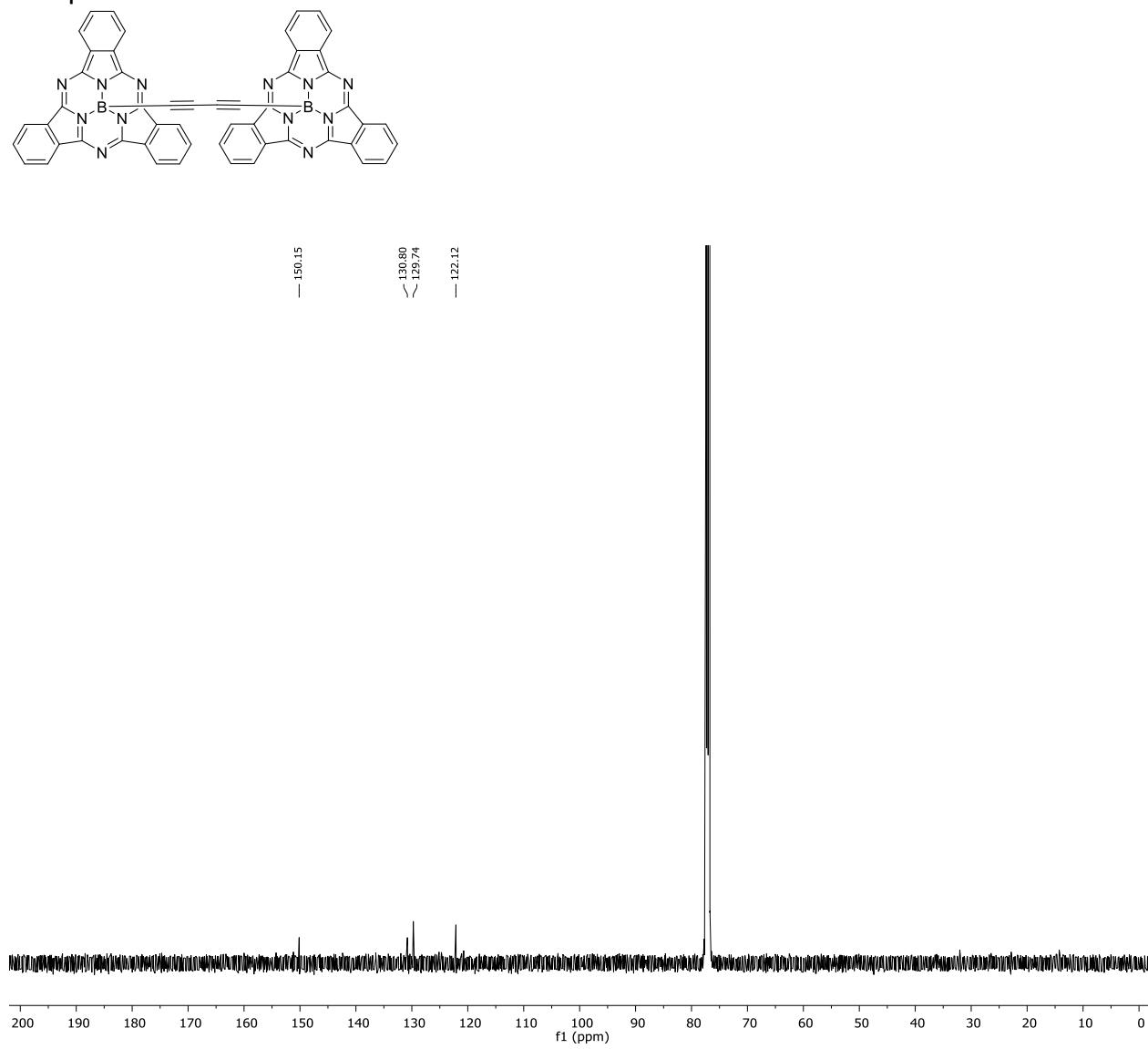
Compound 3

Figure S2. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 3 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 4

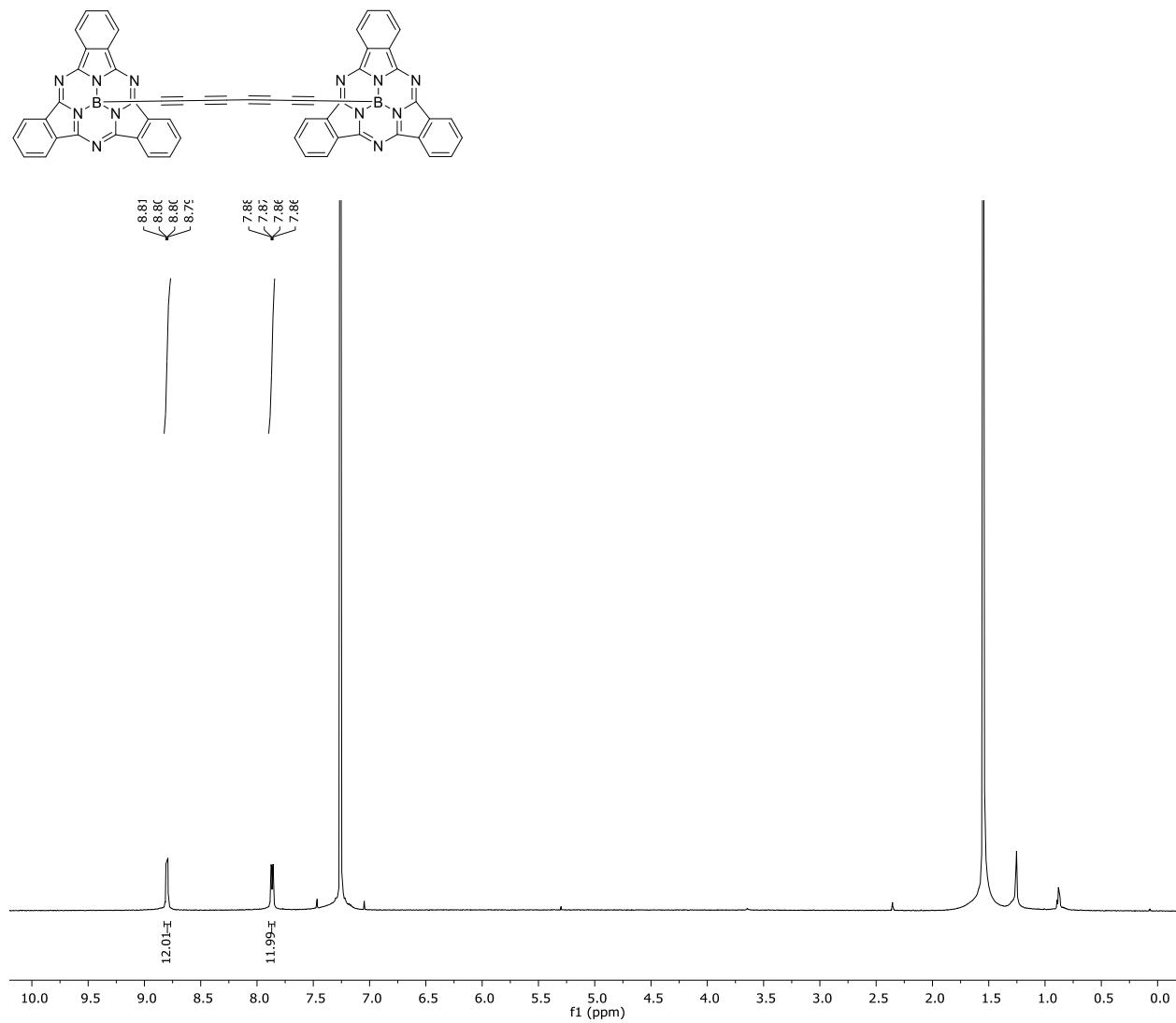


Figure S3. ^1H -NMR spectrum of compound 4 in CDCl_3 .

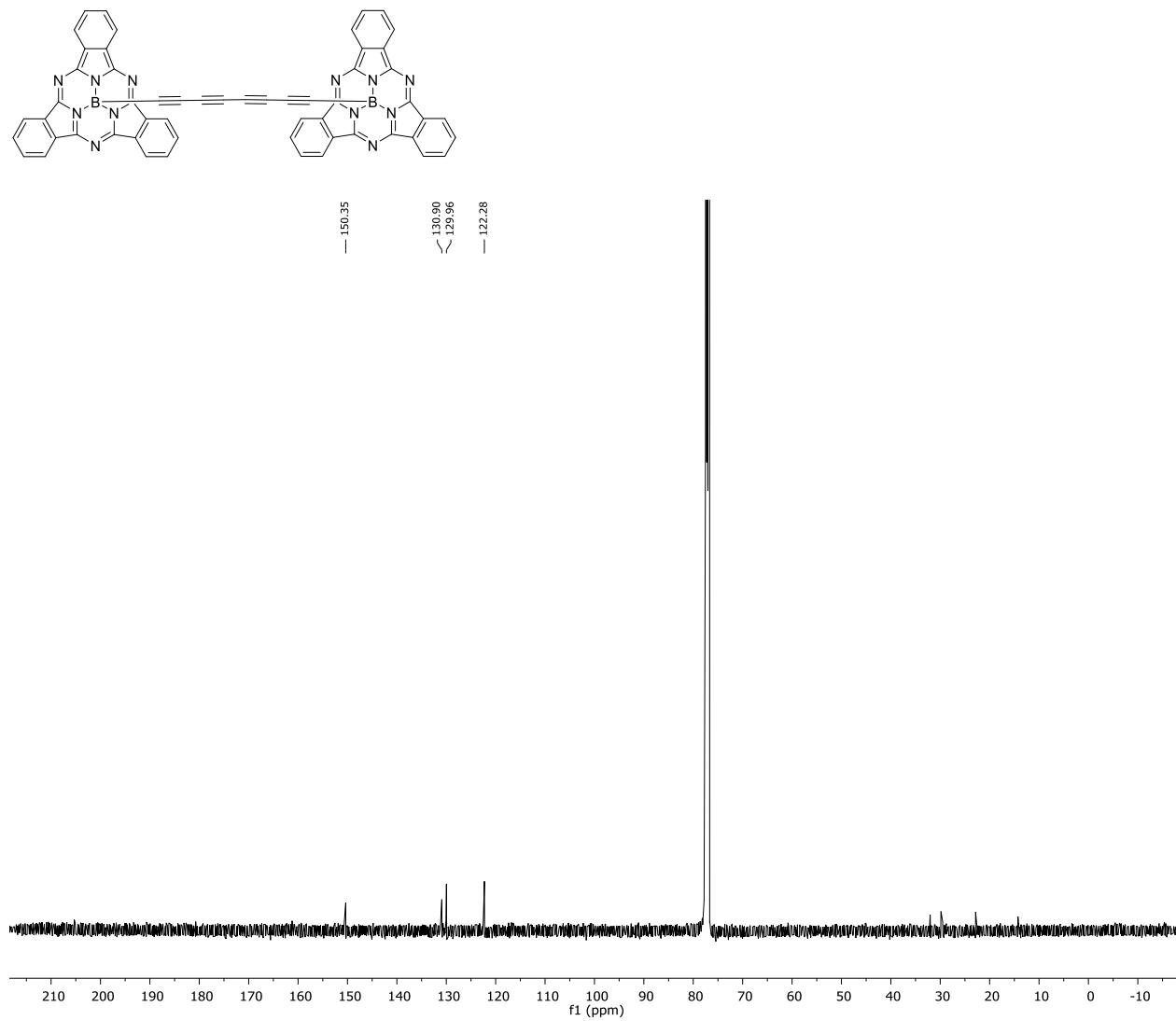
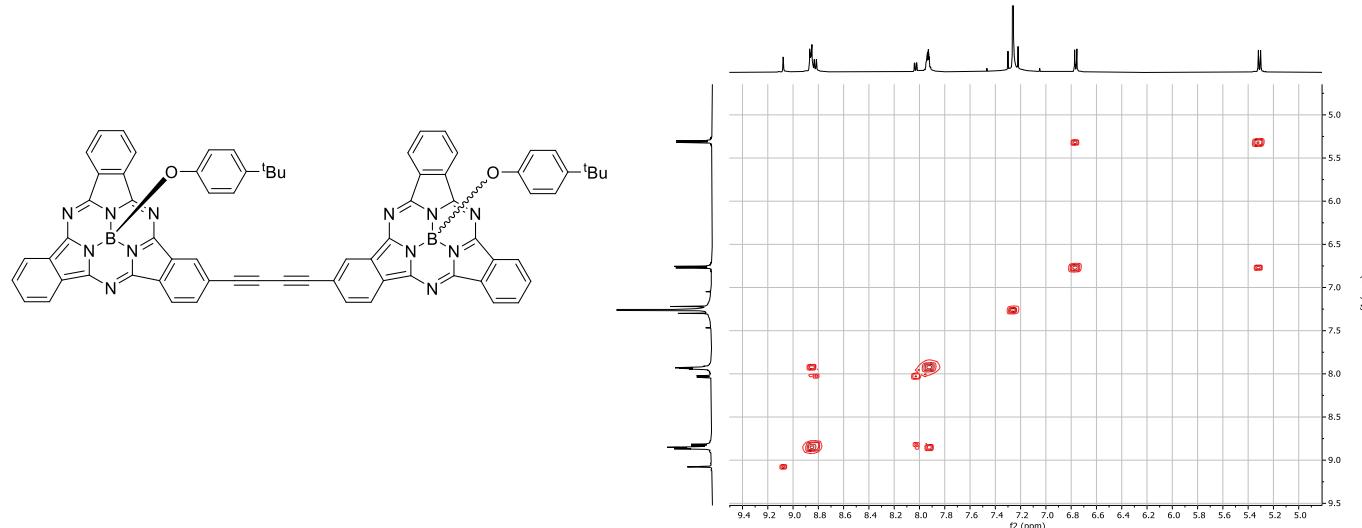
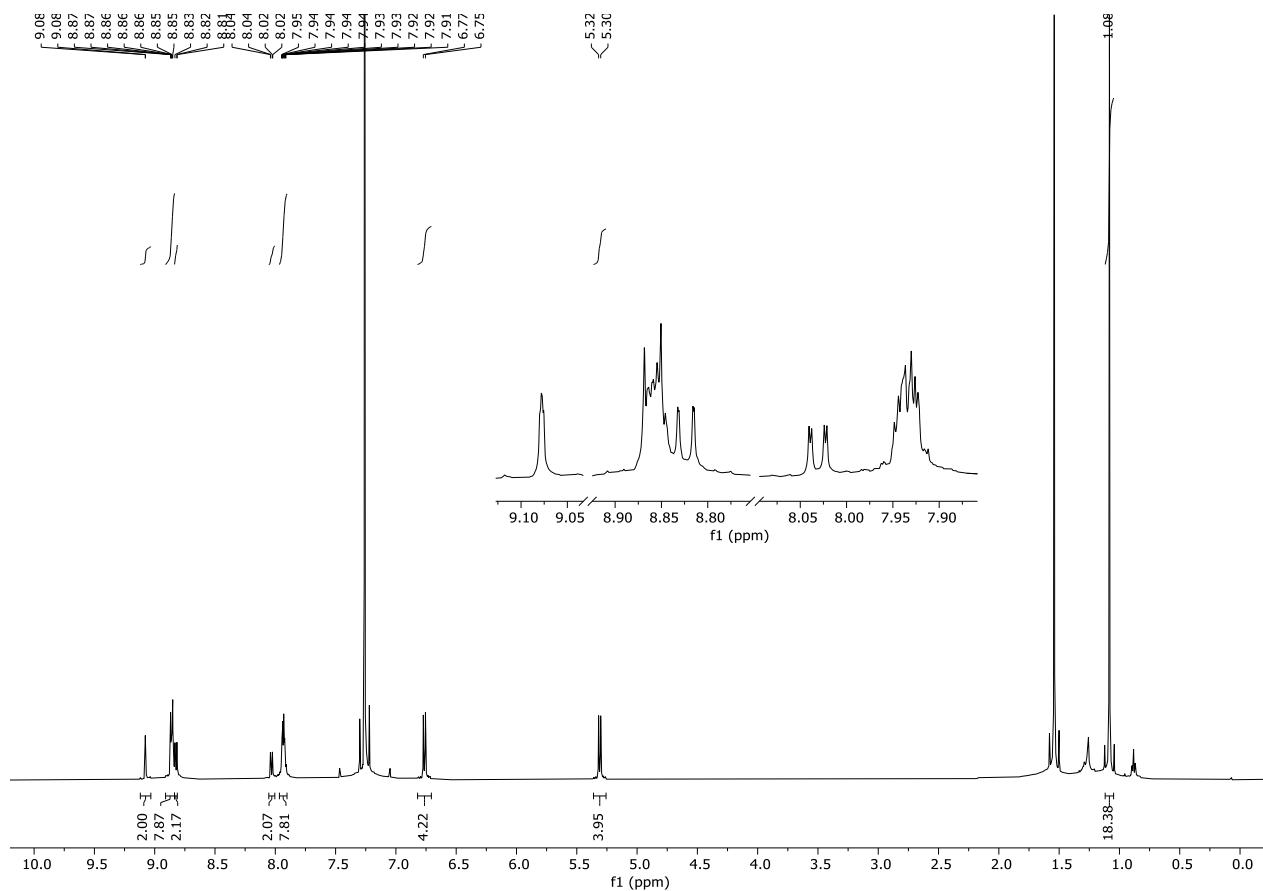
Compound 4

Figure S4. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 4 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 5

Figure S5. COSY spectrum of compound 5 in CDCl_3 .Figure S6. ^1H -NMR spectrum of compound 5 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 5

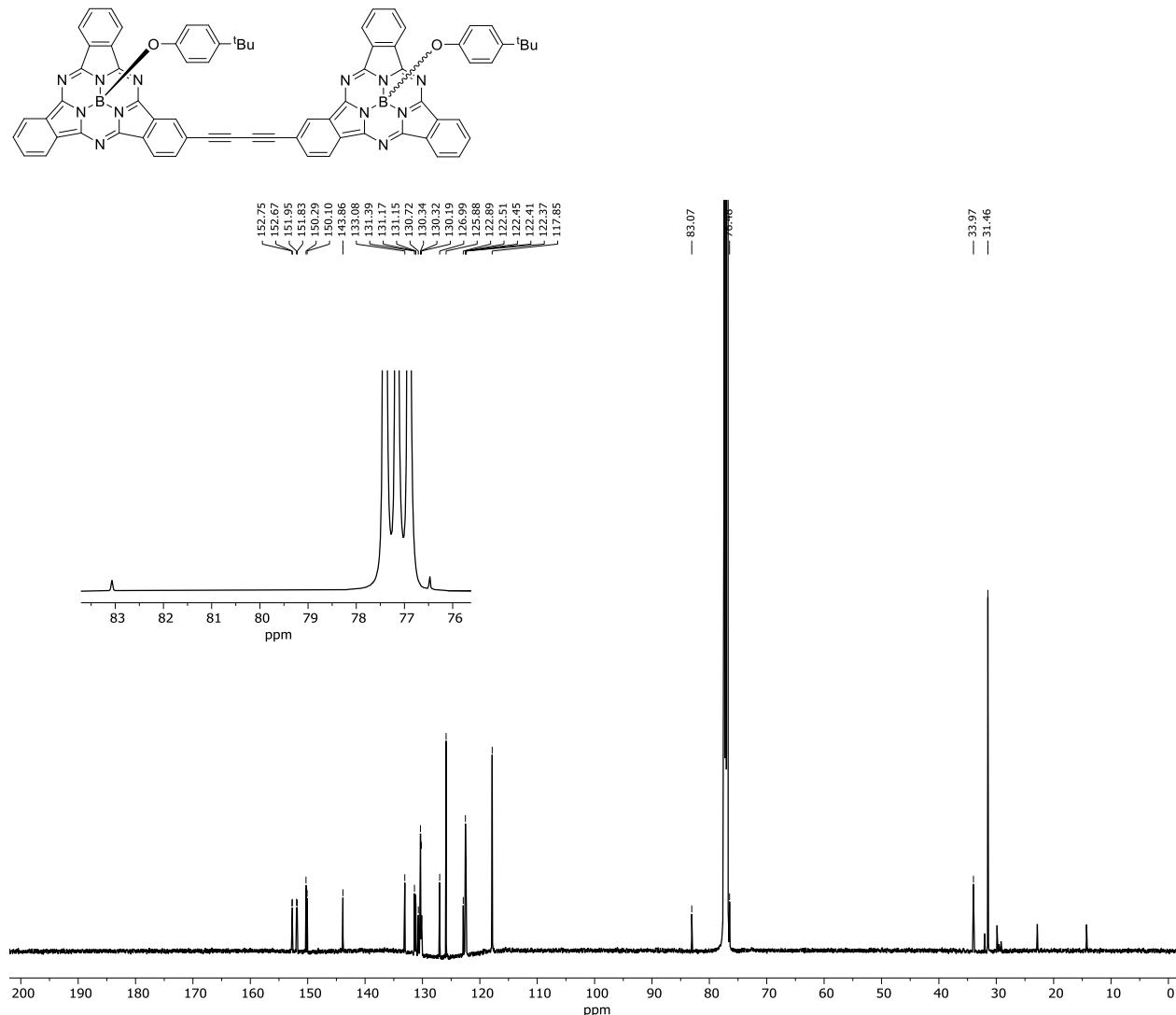
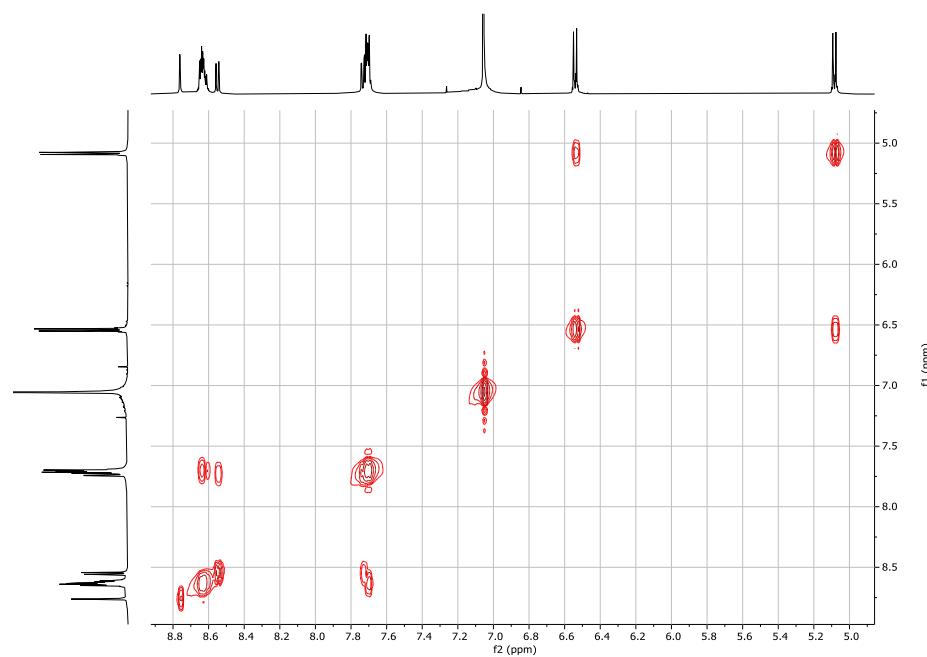
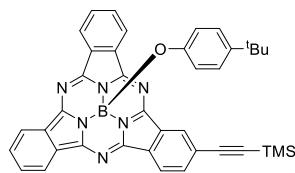
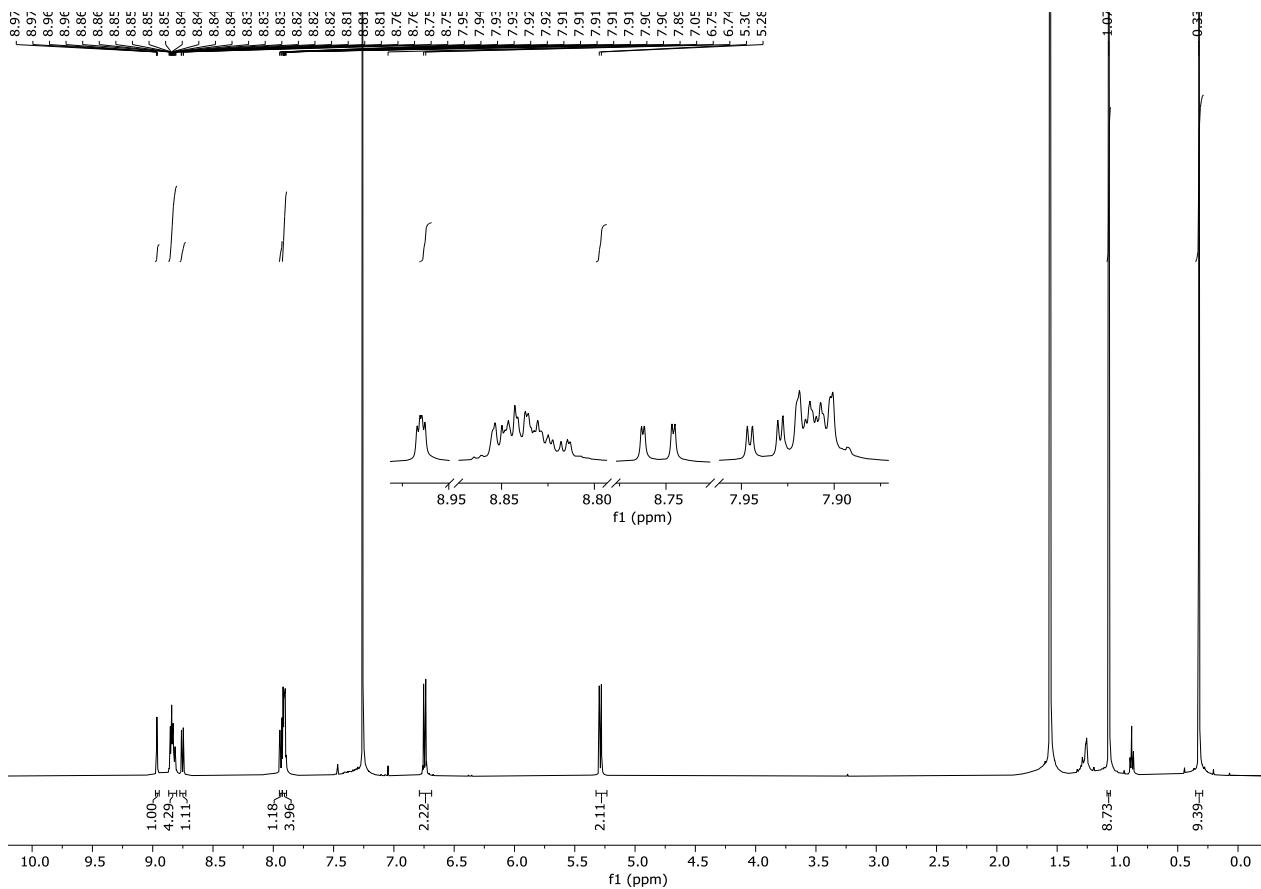


Figure S7. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 5 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 7

Figure S8. COSY spectrum of compound 7 in CDCl_3 Figure S9. ^1H -NMR spectrum of compound 7 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 7

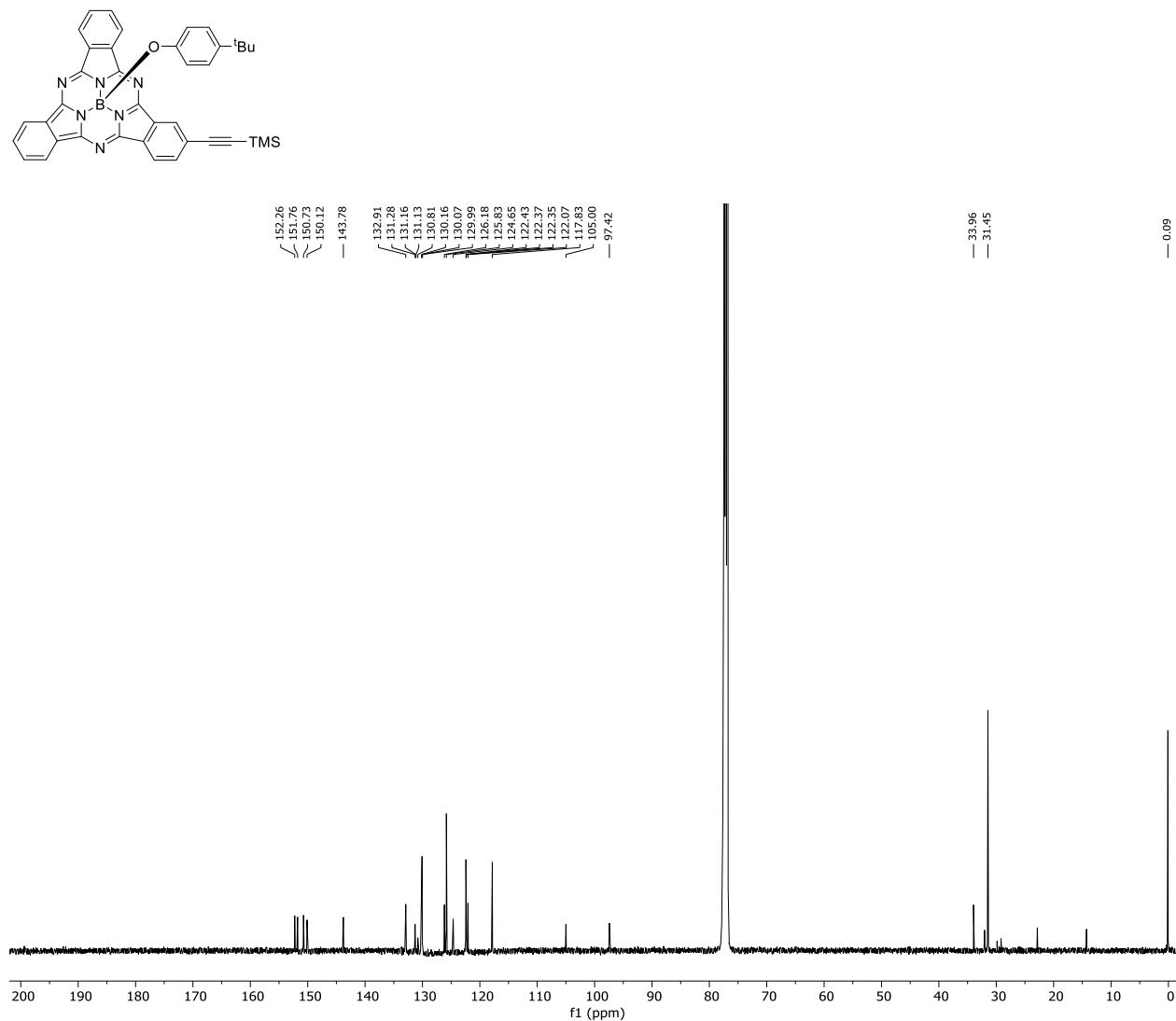


Figure S10. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 7 in CDCl_3 .

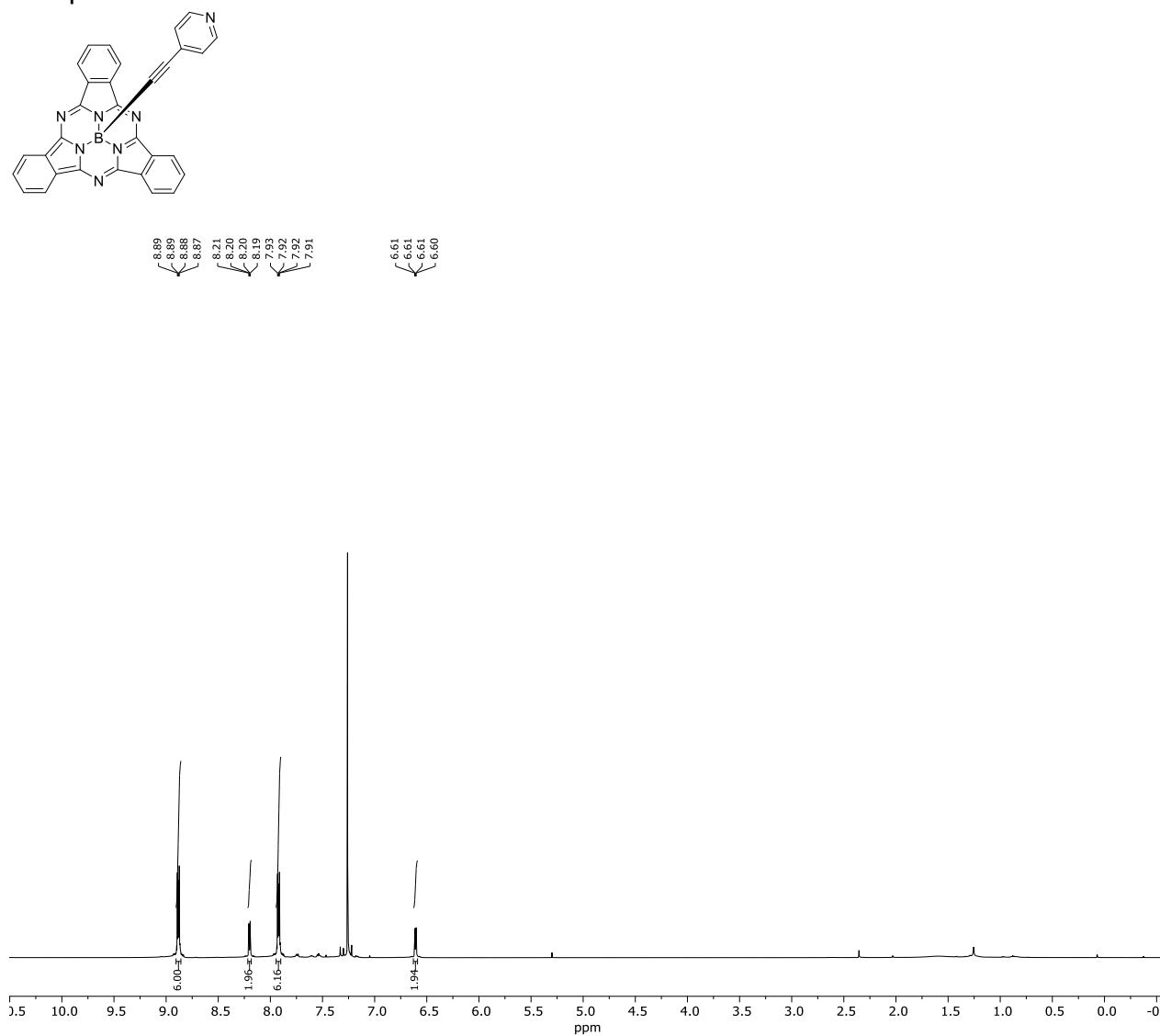
Compound 8

Figure S11. ^1H -NMR spectrum of compound 8 in CDCl_3 .

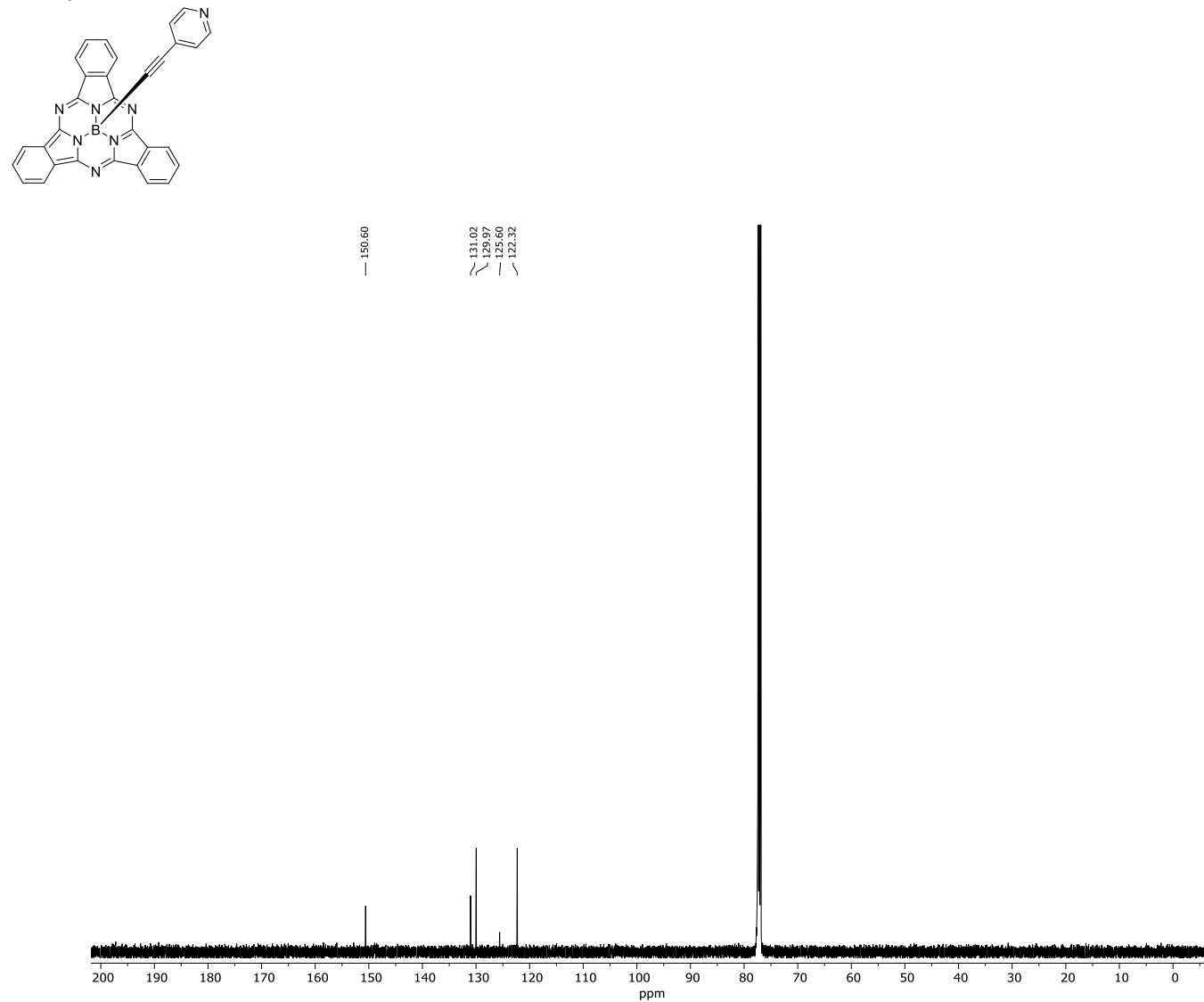
Compound 8

Figure S12. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 8 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 9

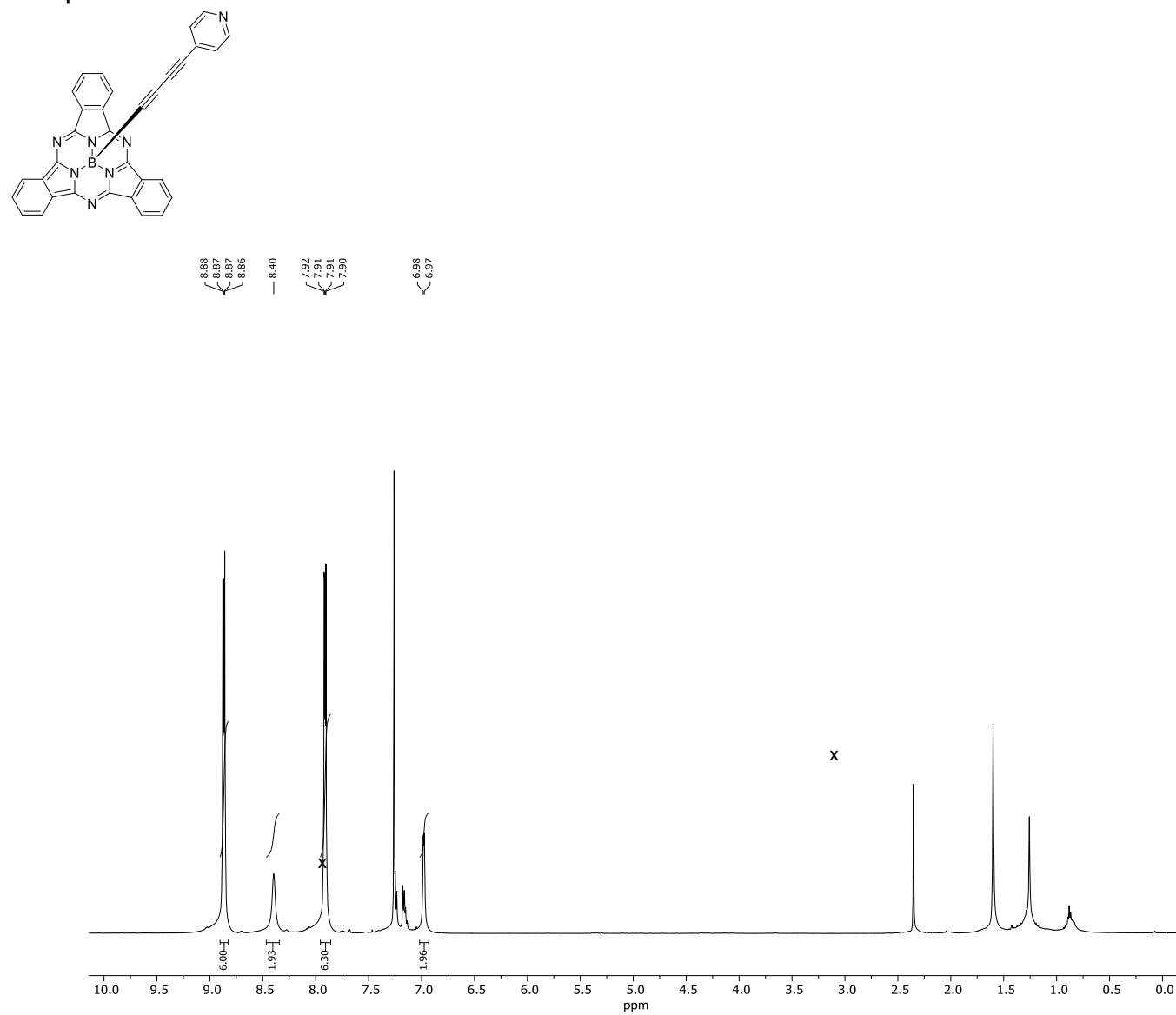


Figure S13. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 9 in CDCl₃. Toluene residues marked with x.

Compound 9

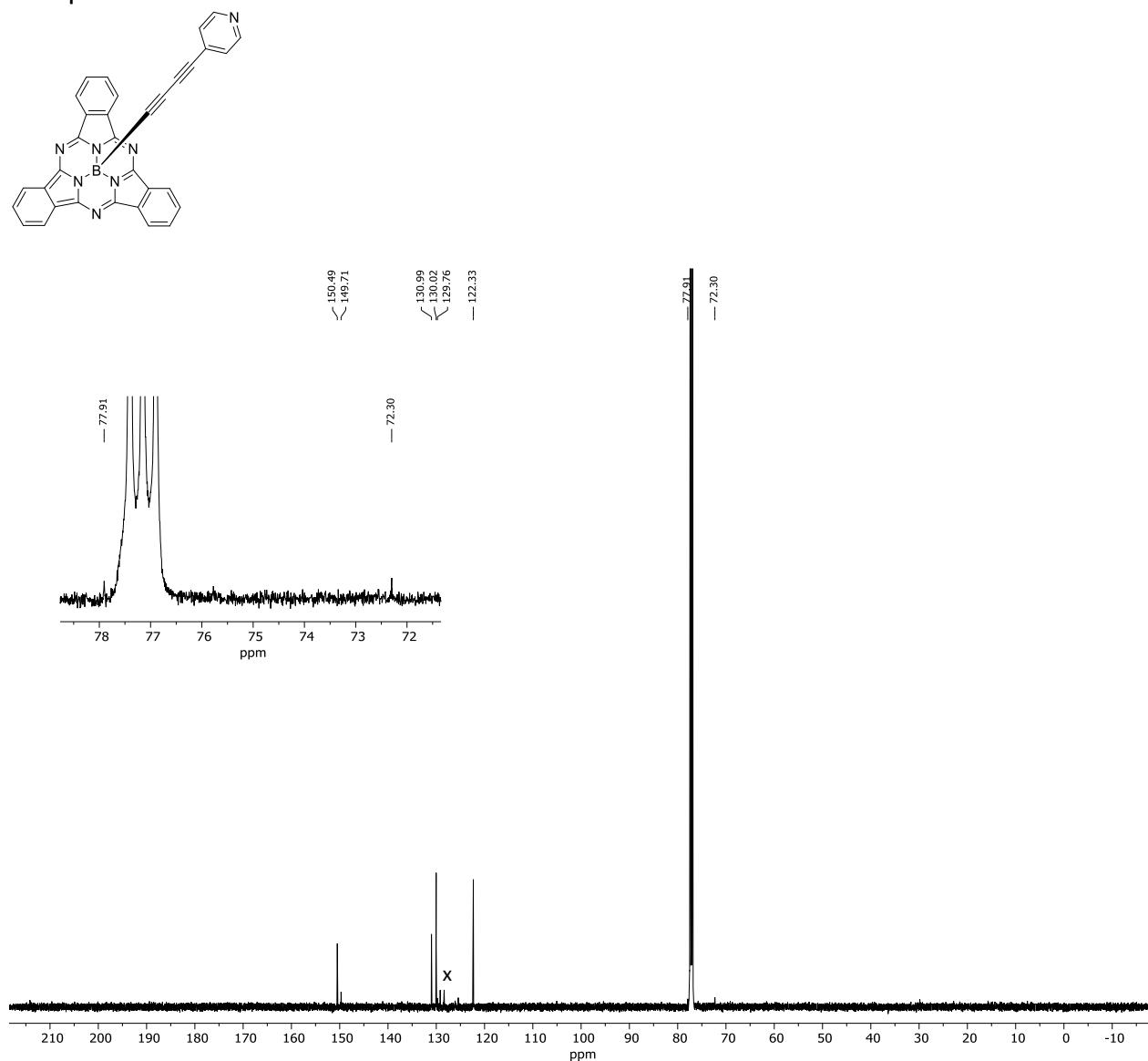
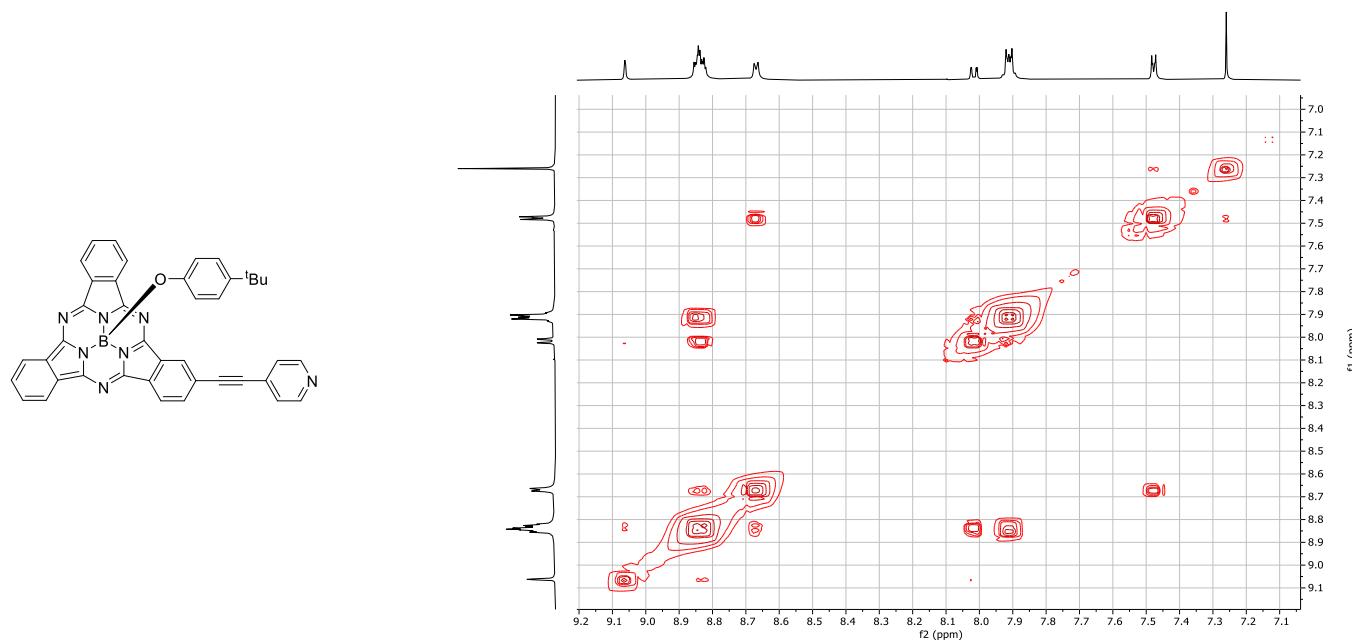
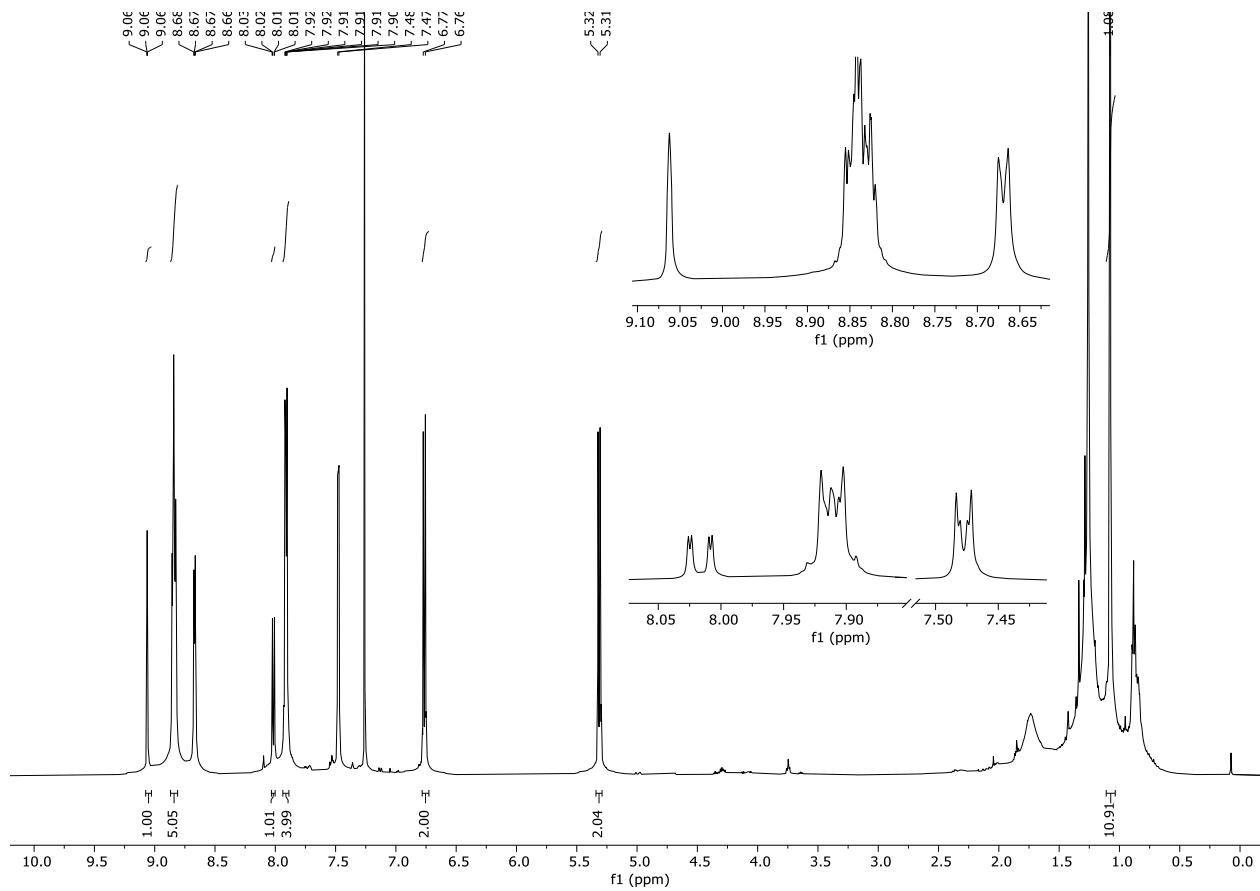


Figure S14. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 9 in CDCl_3 . Toluene residues marked with x.

Compound 10

Figure S15. COSY spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl_3 Figure S16. ¹H-NMR spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl_3 .

Compound 10

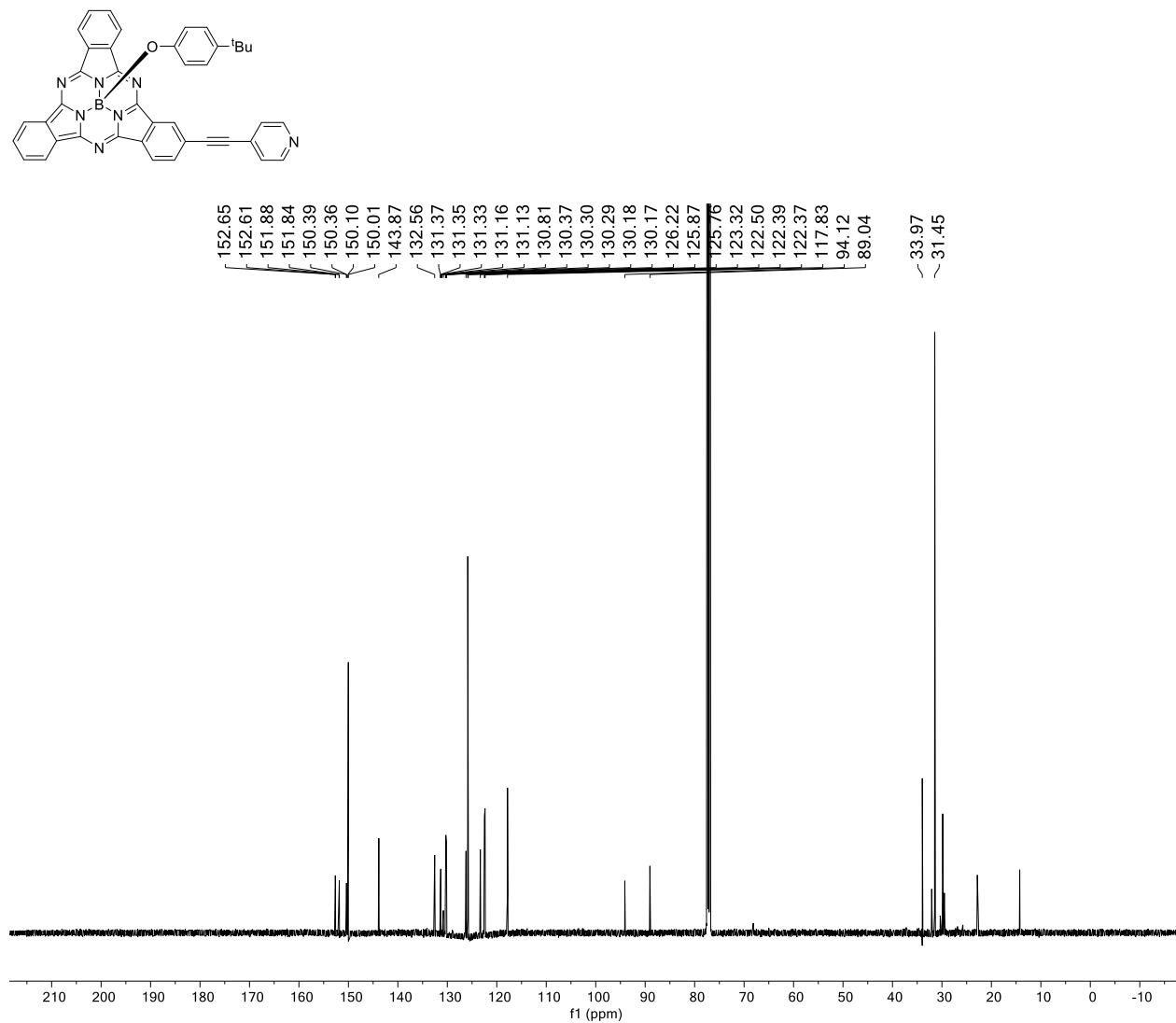


Figure S17. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl_3 .

UV-Vis Absorption Spectroscopy

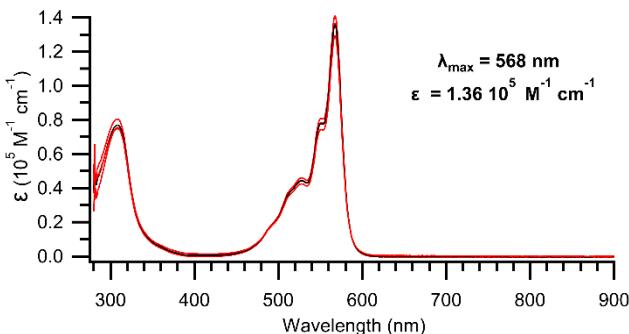


Figure S18. Absorption spectra of **3** in toluene, red lines showing the measured spectra and the black showing the average

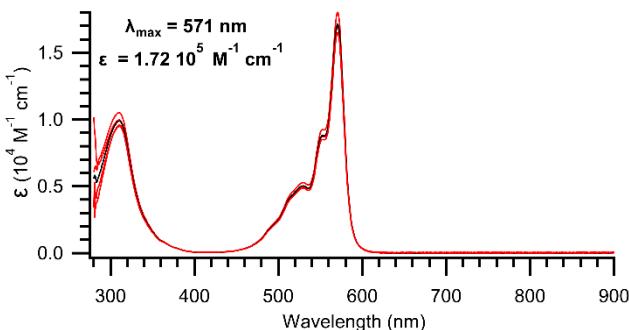
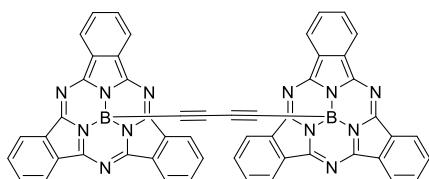


Figure S19. Absorption spectra of **4** in toluene, red lines showing the measured spectra and the black showing the average

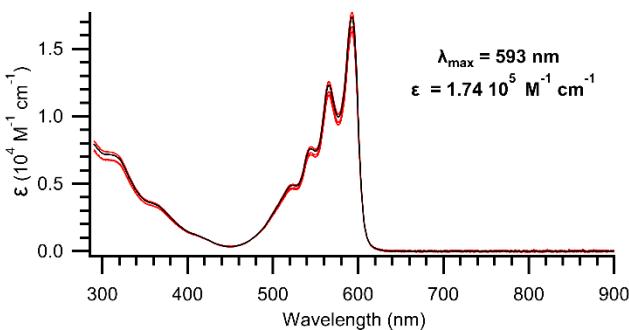
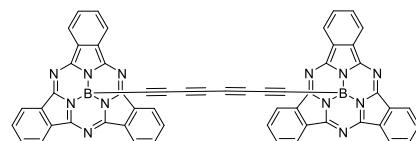
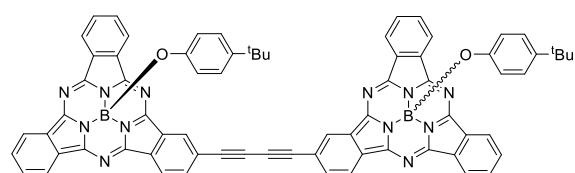
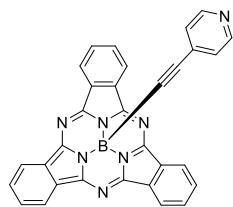
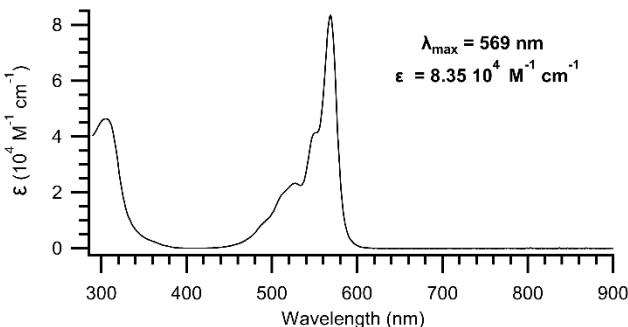
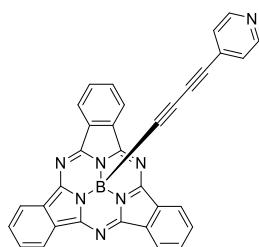
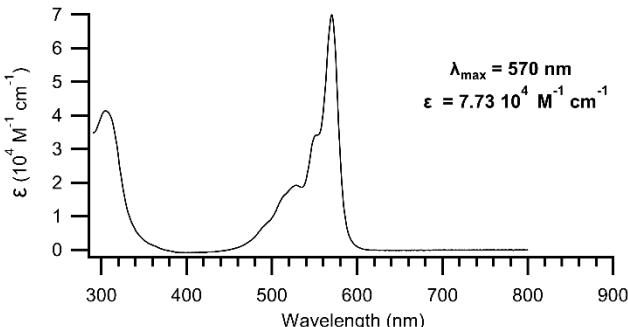
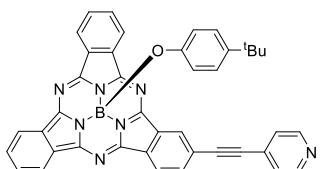
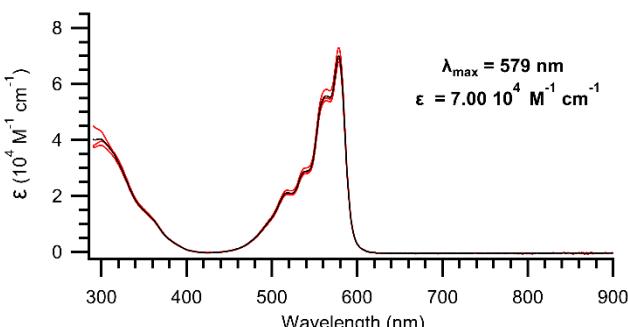


Figure S20. Absorption spectra of **5** in toluene, red lines showing the measured spectra and the black showing the average



**Figure S21.** Absorption spectrum of **8** in toluene.**Figure S22.** Absorption spectrum of **9** in toluene.**Figure S23.** Absorption spectra of **10** in toluene, red lines showing the measured spectra and the black showing the average

Electrochemistry

Compound 3

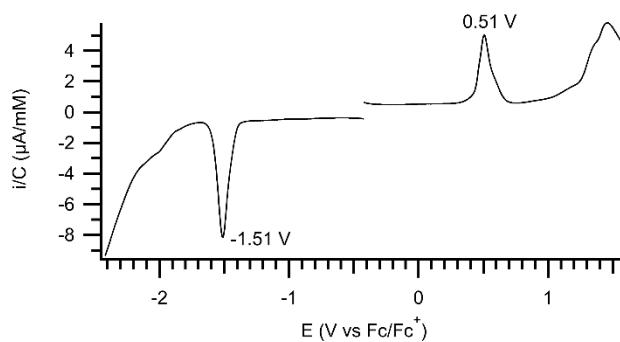
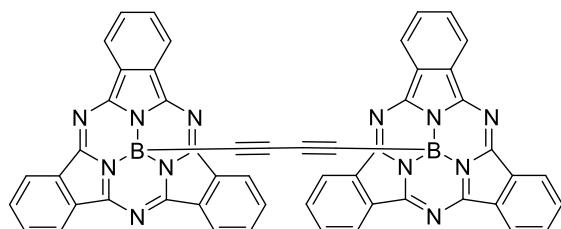


Figure S24. Differential pulse voltammogram of

compound 3 (0.24 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6).

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl , counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.

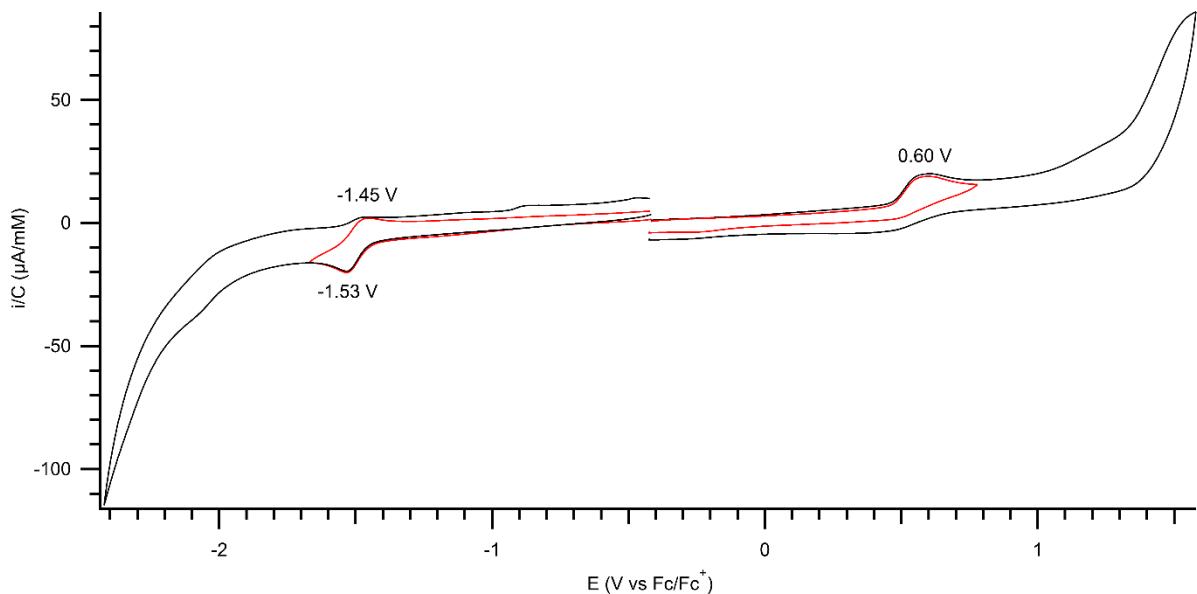


Figure S25. Cyclic voltammogram of compound 3 (0.24 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6). Scan rate 0.1 V s^{-1} .

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl , counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.

Compound 4

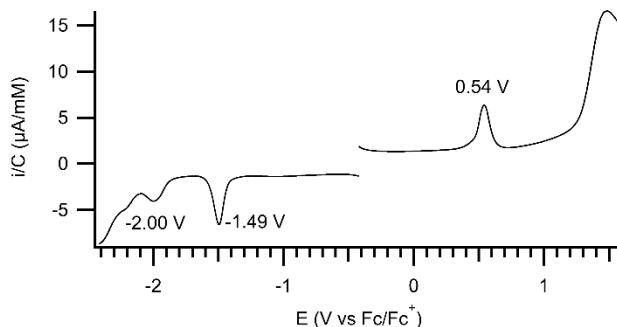
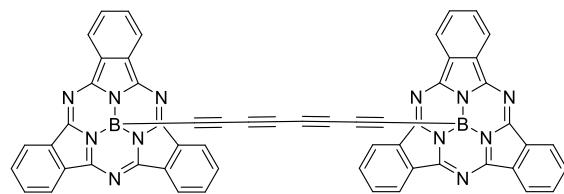


Figure S26. Differential pulse voltammogram of compound **4** (0.094 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6).

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.

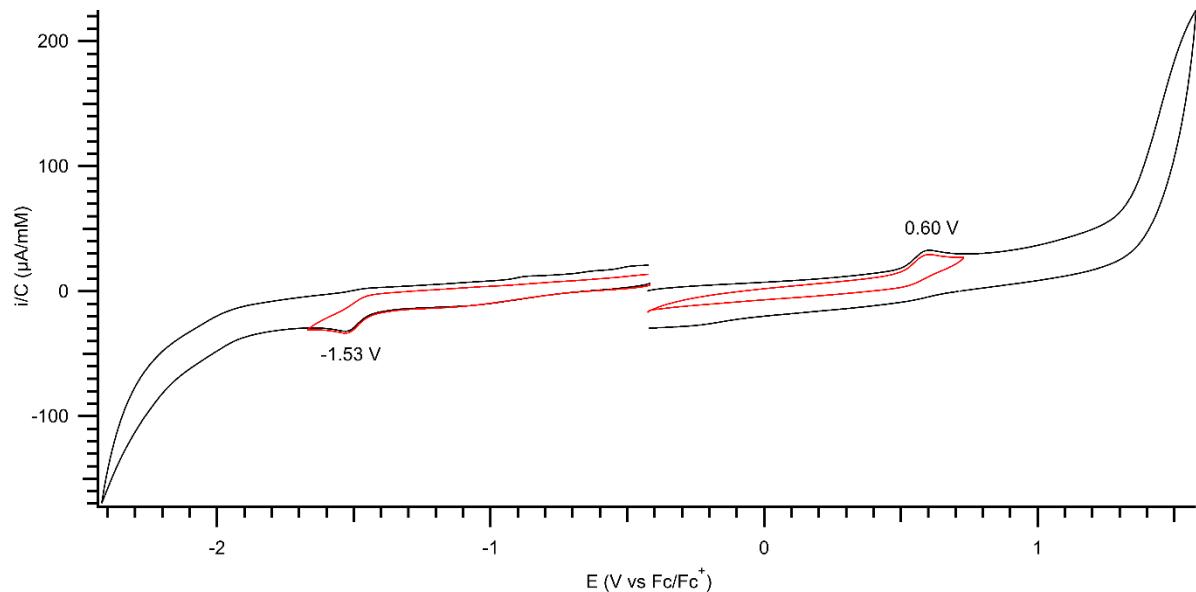


Figure S27. Cyclic voltammogram of compound **4** (0.094 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6). Scan rate 0.1 V s^{-1} .

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.

Compound 5

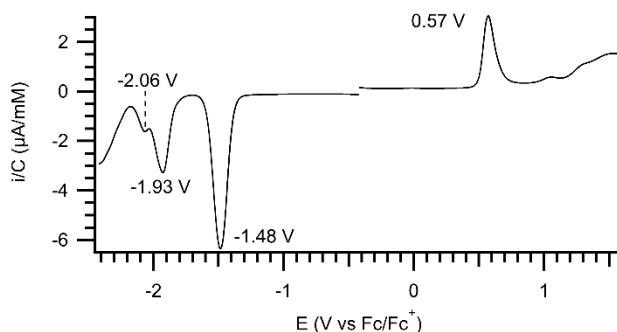
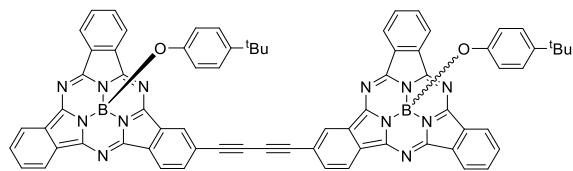


Figure S28. Differential pulse voltammogram of compound 5 (0.99 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6).

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.

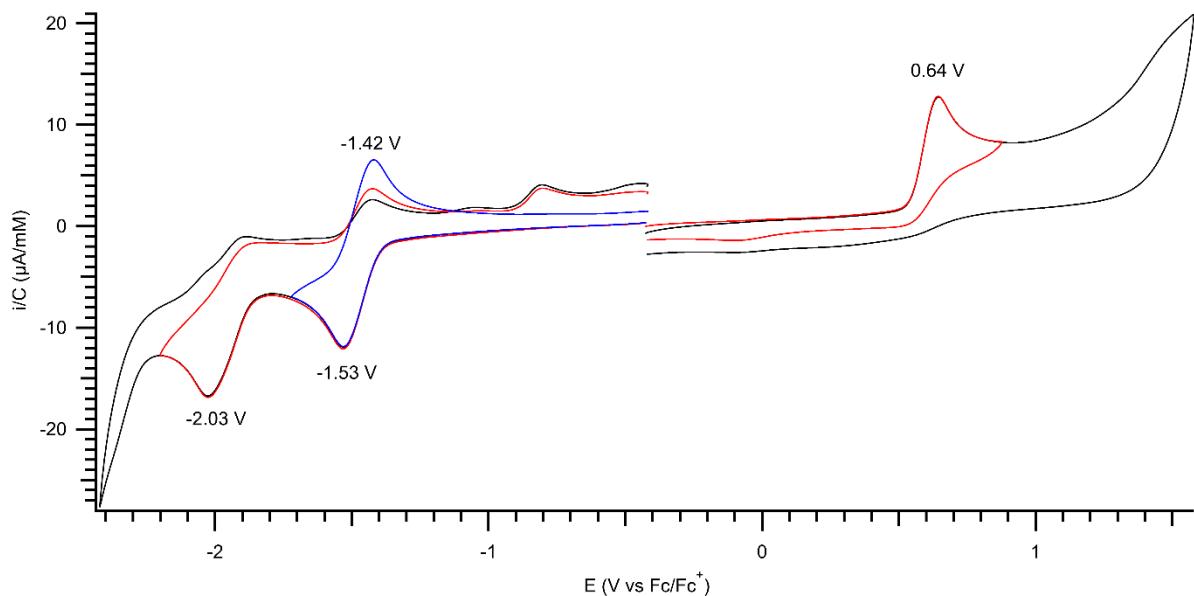


Figure S29. Cyclic voltammogram of compound 5 (0.99 mM) in CH_2Cl_2 (+ Bu_4NPF_6). Scan rate 0.1 V s^{-1} .

Reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, counter electrode: Pt wire; working electrode: glassy-carbon disc electrode (diameter 3 mm). Potentials are referenced to the ferrocene/ferrocenium (Fc/Fc^+) redox couple.