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Organic Chemistry

# Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl) amino)benzoate 

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#### Abstract

Reaction between substituted benzaldehydes, anthranilic acid, and cyclohexyl isocyanide gave rise to pure methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl) amino)benzoates, that can be useful to design new drugs.




Keywords: Anthranilic acid, isocyanide, Ugi reaction, multicomponent reactions

## Introduction

The synthesis of molecules with high diversity and complexity using readily available starting materials is an interesting approach in combinatorial chemistry and drug discovery.

In this regard, combining the multicomponent reactions MCRs has been used as an efficient method for the synthesis of highly functionalized compounds. ${ }^{1}$ (MCRs) have opened a new paradigm in terms of efficiently and naturally benign synthesis of small molecule libraries which have significant pharmaceutical importance. ${ }^{2-5}$

Among them, isocyanide based MCRs such as the Ugi and Passerini reactions are well known in medicinal chemistry. ${ }^{6-8}$ Recently, a new version of the isocyanide-based Ugi three-component coupling reaction (3CC) using an aldehyde and acid has been developed as a bi-functional substrate. ${ }^{9,10}$ Intermolecular versions of the Ugi reaction have also been reported, where two of the four functional groups are present in the same molecule. The possibility of generating heterocyclic molecules using bi-functional compounds is known as the Ugi-4-centre-3-component reaction (U-4C-3CR). ${ }^{11,12}$

Among the various bioactive heterocyclic molecules, N -substituted anthranilic acid derivatives have been the object of intense studies because of their biological activities and therapeutic applications. ${ }^{13}$ Mefenamic acid and meclofenamates ${ }^{14}$ both are $N$-phenylanthranilic acid derivatives, which have been used as antiinflammatory agents in treatments. A considerable amount of work has been done on the structural variation of this subclass of drugs broadly known as non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). It has been observed that the best known NSAIDs are in form acidic. In this regard, our attention has been directed to the variation at position-2 of anthranilic acid with a view to synthesize new analogies with improved antiinflammatory effects. Recent literatures show that substitutions at 2-position of anthranilic acid (2-amino benzoic acid) by different substituted aryl or heteroaryl moieties markedly modulate the anti-inflammatory activity. ${ }^{15,16}$

As part of our program is aimed at developing new isocyanide-based multi-component reactions for the synthesis of heterocycles, herein we report a new efficient synthesis of methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)amino)benzoate via Ugi reaction.

## Results and Discussion

In order to achieve, we have identified methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)amino)benzoate using a Ugi-three-component reaction involving anthranilic acid, various aldehydes and isocyanides in methanol.

Initially, we examined the pattern coupling reaction of anthranilic acid (1) with 3-nitrobenzaldehyde (2f), and cyclohexylisocyanide (3). The reaction proceeded smoothly in MeOH at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ affording the corresponding methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5f) in $98 \%$ yield after 12 h (Table 1).

The effect of different solvents on the reaction was also examined, and the results are summarized in Scheme 1. We found in absolute ethanol, the desired product was obtained in $90 \%$ yield while in methanol, $\mathbf{5 f}$ was isolated in $98 \%$ yield (Scheme 1). When the water content in the reaction mixture was increased, the yield of the target molecule dropped, and using water as the solvent gave very low yields. According to the attack of nucleophilic solvents at the carbonyl group in the $\beta$-lactam skeleton we carried out this reaction in THF and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ as non-nucleophilic solvents under the same conditions (Scheme 1). In these solvents the desired product was not formed. On the basis of this information, $\mathbf{5 f}$ was produced in higher yields using methanol
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solvent much higher in comparison with that of ethanol; therefore, we chose the MeOH for this transformation because of cost and environmental concerns.


Solvent (Yield, \%): MeOH (98), EtOH (90), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (8), $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ ( n.r), THF (n.r)

Scheme 1. Synthesis of methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(3-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino) benzoate 5 in various solvents.

This result provided an incentive for further study, to consider anthranilic acid and different aromatic aldehydes and isocyanide. Interestingly, substituted aromatic aldehydes with electron-withdrawing groups such as, $p$-bromo, $p$-chloro, $m$-chloro, $p$-nitro, $m$-nitro derivatives and substituted aromatic aldehydes with electron-donating groups such as $p$-methyl, $p$-methoxy each participated effectively in this reaction. In all the cases, the reactions were clean and provided the desired methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl) amino)benzoate derivatives in high yields. The Ugi-adduct was purified by chromatography to result in the production of 5a-I. All products were fully characterized and confirmed by NMR, IR and elemental analysis. The scope and generality of this process is illustrated with respect to anthranilic acid and different aromatic aldehydes (Table 1).

A plausible mechanism for this reaction is shown in scheme 2 . We assume that the reaction proceeds via the initial formation of imine (A) which is formed in situ from the aromatic aldehyde and anthranilic acid. The imine intermediate is attacked by the nucleophilic isocyanide, followed by abstraction of a proton from the carboxylic acid leading to formation of nitrilium carboxylate (B). The subsequent attack of the carboxylate anion on the nitrilium ion generates the cyclic intermediate (C), which undergoes a Mumm rearrangement to give the desired lactam 4 and finally nucleophilic attack of methanol on the carbonyl group of lactam 4 affords the product 5 (Scheme 2).



Scheme 2. A plausible reaction pathway.

Table 1: Ugi three-component, four-center reaction of anthranilic acid, aryl aldehyde with cyclohexyl isocyanide

| Entry | R | $\mathrm{Mp}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Yield $^{*}{ }^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{a}$ | $2-\mathrm{Cl}$ | $116-118$ | 85 |
| b | $4-\mathrm{Cl}$ | $190-192$ | 92 |
| $\mathbf{c}$ | $3-\mathrm{Cl}$ | $139-140$ | 89 |
| $\mathbf{d}$ | $2-\mathrm{NO} 2$ | $182-183$ | 98 |
| $\mathbf{e}$ | $3-\mathrm{NO} 2$ | $125-127$ | 98 |
| $\mathbf{f}$ | $3-\mathrm{F}$ | $165-167$ | 82 |
| $\mathbf{g}$ | $3-\mathrm{Br}$ | $164-166$ | 87 |
| h | $4-\mathrm{Br}$ | $184-185$ | 90 |
| $\mathbf{i}$ | $4-\mathrm{F}$ | $199-200$ | 93 |
| J | H | $188-190$ | 96 |
| k | $4-\mathrm{CF} 3$ | $71-73$ | 85 |
| $\mathbf{l}$ | $4-\mathrm{OCH} 3$ | $173-174$ | 85 |

## Conclusions

In conclusion, we have developed Ugi Reaction that allows the facile synthesis of methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)amino)benzoate derivatives, starting from easily accessible materials. The reactions include some important aspects like a simple operation, mild conditions, and absence of catalysts.

## Experimental Section

General. All of the chemicals and solvents such as ethyl acetate and ethanol, obtained from Merck Chemical. Co. and were used without further purification. Melting points were determined on a Melt-Tem II melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were obtained on a Matson-1000 FT-IR spectrometer. Peaks are reported in wave numbers ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ). All NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker model DRX-400 AVANCE $\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right.$ : 500 MHz ) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}: 125 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) NMR spectrometer. Chemical shift are reported in parts per million (ppm) from tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal standard in DMSO- $d_{6}$ as a solvent. Element analyses ( $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$, and N ) were performed with a Heracus CHN-O-Rapid analyzer. Purity of the compounds was checked by thin layer chromatography (TLC) on Merck silica gel $60 \mathrm{~F}_{254}$ percolated sheets in $n$-Hexane/ethyl acetate mixture and spots were developed using iodine vapors'/ultraviolet light as visualizing agent.

General Procedure. A mixture of anthranilic acid ( 1 mmol ), benzaldehyde ( 1 mmol ) and cyclohexylisocyanide ( 1.2 mmol ) in methanol ( 5 mL ) was stirred at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for the appropriate time. The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. Upon completion, solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by chromatography ( $n$-hexane-ethylacetate $5: 1$ ) to afford the pure methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-arylethyl)amino)benzoate.
Methyl 2-((1-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5a). Yellow powder; Yield = $85 \%$; M.p $=116-118{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\bar{u}_{\text {max, }} \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3327 and $3300(\mathrm{NH}), 2953,2853,1684$ and 1642 (C=O). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 500 \mathrm{MHz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ) $\delta 8.74(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 7.97 (d of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.0,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $7.50-7.48(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H})$, 7.46-7.43 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.34-7.31 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.71-6.68 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.48 (d, 1H, J $8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $6.36(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 5.40\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, methine), $3.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.88-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 2.01-1.02 (m, 10H ) ppm. $\left.{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \mathrm{( } \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 125 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}\right): \delta 168.7$ and $168.6(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 148.9$, $136.4,134.6,133.4,131.7,129.8,129.5,128.4,127.8,116.3,112.3,111.6,58.6(\mathrm{CH}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $32.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; Calcd. for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{ClN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 65.91 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.29 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.99 \%$. Found: C, 65.80; H, 6.35; N, 6.84\%.
Methyl 2-((1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5b). Light yellow powder; Yield $=92 \%$; M.p $=190-192^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr) ( $\bar{u}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3296 and $3079(\mathrm{NH}), 2934,2854,1686$ and 1652 (C=O) 1259. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 500 \mathrm{MHz}_{\mathrm{L}}\right.$ : $\delta 8.41(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 3.60 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.00(\mathrm{~d}$ of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.0,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.46-7.38$ $(\mathrm{m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.81-6.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.63(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.47(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 4.80(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 3.60$ Hz , methine), $3.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, 3.86-3.77 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.91-1.01 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 125 \mathrm{MH}_{z}\right): \delta 169.5$ and $168.9(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 149.3,136.7,134.8,134.3,131.7,129.3,128.5,117.1,112.5,111.0$, $63.0(\mathrm{CH}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.2(\mathrm{CH}), 32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; Calcd. for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{ClN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 65.91 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.29 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.99 \%$. Found: C, $65.84 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.38 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.09 \%$.
Methyl 2-((1-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5c). Light yellow powder; Yield $=89 \%$; M.p $=139-140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\overline{U_{\text {max }}} \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3319 and $3310(\mathrm{NH}), 2933,2855,1687$ and $1650(\mathrm{C}=0) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 500 \mathrm{MHz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ : $\delta 8.44(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 3.60 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.00(\mathrm{~d}$ of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.0,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.50(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H})$, 7.43-7.34 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 6.81-6.77 (m, 1H, Ar-H), $6.62(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.46$ (d, 1H, J $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \operatorname{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 4.83$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 4.50 \mathrm{~Hz}$, methine), $3.91\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.88-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.93-1.01 ( $\mathrm{m}, 10 \mathrm{H}$ ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 125 \mathrm{MHz}^{2}\right): \delta 169.3$ and $168.8(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 149.2,140.2,134.9,134.8,131.7,130.4,128.7$, 127.5, 125.2, 117.1, 112.5, 111.8, $63.1(\mathrm{CH}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.3(\mathrm{CH}), 32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; Calcd. for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{ClN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ : C, 65.91; H, 6.29; N, 6.99\%. Found: C, 65.98; H, 6.18; N, 6.86\%.
Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5d). Dark Yellow powder; Yield $=98 \%$; M.p = 182-183 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\bar{u}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3413 and $3315(\mathrm{NH}), 2940,2856,1685$ and 1606 (C=O) 1511, 1351, 1264. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ): $\delta 9.09(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.01(\mathrm{~d}$ of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.0,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H})$, 7.95 (d of d, 1H, J 8.0, 1.2 Hz, Ar-H), 7.74 (d of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 7.63-7.60 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.70-6.65 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 6.37 (d, 1H, J $8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.77 (d, 1H, J 6.4Hz, methine), $3.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.88-3.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, methine of cyclohexane), 2.00-1.06 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right): \delta 168.6$ and $167.7(\mathrm{C}=0), 149.0,148.3,134.7,134.6,134.2,131.9,129.4,128.9,124.9,116.4$, 111.8, 111.6, $56.2(\mathrm{CH}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.6(\mathrm{CH}), 32.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;$ Calcd. for ( $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ): C, 64.22; H, 6.12; N, 10.21\%. Found: C, 64.12; H, 6.19; N, 10.33\%.
Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(3-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5e). Yellow powder; Yield = $98 \%$; M.p = $125-127{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr) ( $\bar{u}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3282 and $3130(\mathrm{NH}), 2938,2852,1685$ and $1647(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$ 1512, 1357, 1263. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}\right): \delta 8.56(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.41-8.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 8.22(\mathrm{~d}$ of $\mathrm{d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}$ $8.2,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 8.00 (d of d, 1H, J 8.4, 1.2 Hz, Ar-H), $7.86(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H})$, $7.42-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.80(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.67(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 5.01$ (d, 1H, J 4.0 Hz , methine), $3.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.88-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.94-1.03 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right): \delta 168.9$ and $168.7(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 148.9,148.5,140.3,134.8,133.3,131.7,130.1$, 123.4, 122.3, 117.5, 112.4, 112.0, $62.8(\mathrm{CH}), 51.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.5(\mathrm{CH}), 32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; Calcd. for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right)$ : C, $64.22 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.12 ; \mathrm{N}, 10.21 \%$. Found: C, 64.28; H, 6.23; N, 10.29\%.
Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5f). White powder; Yield = $82 \%$; M.p $=165-167{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\overline{\mathrm{U}}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3317 and $3311(\mathrm{NH}), 2933,2856,1686$ and $1650(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}\right): \delta 8.46(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.99$ (d of d, 1H, J 8.4, 1.2 Hz, Ar-H), 7.43-7.37 (m, 2H, Ar-H), $7.31(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.22$ (d of t, 1H, J 9.6, 2.0 Hz, Ar-H), 7.09-7.04 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.81-6.77 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.63 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $6.46(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 4.85(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, methine), $3.91(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} 3$ ), 3.88-3.77 (m,
 164.0 (C-F), 161.8, 149.3, 140.6, 134.8, 131.7, 130.7,122.8, 117.1, 115.5, 114.3, 112.5, 111.8, 63.2 (CH), 51.8 $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $48.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $32.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; Calcd. for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{FN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 68.73 ; \mathrm{H}$, 6.55 ; N, $7.29 \%$. Found: C, 68.85; H, 6.49; N, 7.37\%.

Methyl 2-((1-(3-bromophenyl)-2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5g). Light yellow powder; Yield $=87 \% ;$ M. $p=165-167^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr) ( $\bar{u}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3320 and $3329(\mathrm{NH}), 2924,2851,1690$ and $1651(\mathrm{C}=0) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ): $\delta 8.41(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.97(\mathrm{~d}$ of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.63(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, Ar-H), 7.48-7.46 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.77$6.74(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.59(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ A r-H), 6.43(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 4.80$ (d, 1H, J 3.6 Hz , methine), 3.88 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.84-3.76\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.90-0.96(m,10H) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ : $\delta 169.2$ and $168.8(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 149.2,134.7,131.7,131.6,130.6,130.4,125.6,123.1,117.1,112.5,111.9,63.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $48.3(\mathrm{CH}), 32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $32.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{BrN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 59.33 ; \mathrm{H}$, 5.66 ; N, 6.29\%. Found: C, 59.45; H, 5.51; N, 6.13\%.

Methyl 2-((1-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5h). White powder; Yield = $90 \%$; M.p $=184-185^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\bar{u}_{\text {max }}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3221 and $3222(\mathrm{NH}), 2934,2855,1668$ and $1660(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1374 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR (DMSO, $500 \mathrm{MHz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ): $\delta 8.71(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.28(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.81-7.80(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.54$ (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 7.41 (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.26$ (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.60-6.57 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.37 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, methine $), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.51-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.79-1.04 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125, \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}$ ) $\delta 168.7$ and $168.3(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 148.8,139.2$, 135.1, 131.9, 131.7, 129.1, 121.2, 116.3, 115.7, 112.6, 110.6, 109.9, $59.1(\mathrm{CH}), 52.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.2(\mathrm{CH}), 32.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $32.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.80\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.67\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{BrN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ : $\mathrm{C}, 59.33 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.66 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.29 \%$. Found: C , 59.39; H, 5.73; N, 6.35\%.

Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5i). White powder; Yield = $93 \%$; M.p = 199-200 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr ) ( $\bar{U}_{\text {max, }} \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3223 and $3218(\mathrm{NH}), 2931,2856,1686$ and $1650(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) 1239 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (DMSO, $500 \mathrm{MHz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ) $\delta 8.69(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.25(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J} 8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.81-7.79(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.50-$ 7.49 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $7.30-7.27$ (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.15 (t, $2 \mathrm{H}, J 9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}) 6.59-6.56(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.40(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}$ $8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.17\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, methine), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.52-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.781.04 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125, MHz, DMSO) $\delta 169.1$ and 168.3 (C=O), 148.9 (C-F), 135.9, 135.1, 131.7, $128.9,117.7,115.9,115.7,115.6,112.6,110.9,110.4,58.9(\mathrm{CH}), 52.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.1(\mathrm{CH}), 32.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{FN}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 68.73 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.55 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.29 \%$. Found: $\mathrm{C}, 68.79 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.61 ; \mathrm{N}$, 7.17\%.

Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)amino)benzoate (5J). White powder; Yield = 96\%; M.p = $188-190{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr) ( $\bar{u}$ max, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3318 and $3309(\mathrm{NH}), 2933,2854,1686$ and 1648 (C=O), 1257. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (DMSO, $500 \mathrm{MHz}^{2}$ : $\delta 8.70(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.25(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.47$ (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J 7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $7.38-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.43(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $J 6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, methine), $3.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.54-3.44\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.80-1.04 (m, 10H ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125, MHz, DMSO) $\delta 169.2$ and 168.8 (C=O), 149.2, 134.7, 131.7, 131.6, 130.6, 130.4, 125.6, 123.1, 117.1, 112.5, 111.9, $63.1(\mathrm{CH}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.3(\mathrm{CH}), 32.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right): \mathrm{C}, 72.11 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.15 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.64 \%$. Found: C, $72.24 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.03 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.75 \%$.
Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxo-1-(4(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)amino) benzoate (5k). White powder; Yield $=85 \%$; M.p $=71-73{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr) $\left(\bar{u}\right.$ max, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ : 3309 and $3299(\mathrm{NH}), 2934,2865,1687$ and 1652 (C=O) 1325. ${ }^{1 H}$ NMR (DMSO, $500 \mathrm{MH}_{z}$ ): $\delta 8.79(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.38(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.85-7.80(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.74-7.68(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.59(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.38(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $5.31\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, methine), $3.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.50-3.48(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.80-1.04 (m, $10 \mathrm{H})$ ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125, MHz, DMSO) $\delta 168.4$ and $168.3(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 148.7,144.5,135.2,131.7,127.7,125.9$, $125.7,123.5,116.0,112.5,110.7,59.3(\mathrm{CH}), 52.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.2(\mathrm{CH}), 32.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $24.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ : C, 63.59; H, $5.80 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.45 \%$. Found: 63.68; $\mathrm{H}, 5.71 ; \mathrm{N}, 6.57 \%$.
Methyl 2-((2-(cyclohexylamino)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoethyl)amino)benzoate (5I). White powder; Yield $=82 \% ; \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{p}=173-175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{IR}(\mathrm{KBr})\left(\overline{U_{\text {max }}, ~} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right): 3341$ and $3326(\mathrm{NH}), 2934,2834,1681$ and $1648(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) 1250 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (DMSO, $500 \mathrm{MH}_{\mathrm{z}}$ ): $\delta 8.64(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.19(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}$ of d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.0,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, Ar-H), 7.38-7.36 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 7.30-7.26 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.89(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J 8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.56(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 6.43$ $(\mathrm{d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 5.07\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J 6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, methine), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.71\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.49-3.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, methine of cyclohexane), 1.78-1.02 ( $\mathrm{m}, 10 \mathrm{H}$ ) ppm. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125, MHz, DMSO) $\delta 169.5$ and 168.3( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 159.1, 145.9, 136.9, 135.0, 131.6, 128.1, 115.4, 114.3, 112.6, 109.9, $59.1(\mathrm{CH}), 55.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 52.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.1(\mathrm{CH}), 32.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; for $\left(\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right): \mathrm{C}, 69.68 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.12 ; \mathrm{N}, 7.07 \%$. Found: 69.74; H, 7.03; N, 7.16\%.

## Acknowledgements

We gratefully acknowledge, the Vail-e-Asr University of Rafsan J an Faculty Research Grant for financial support.

## Supplementary Material

The experimental procedures and IR, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra associated with this article are available as supplementary data.

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